

Policy on Special Educational Needs and Disability (SEN/D)

This policy should be read in conjunction with the school's Safeguarding (Child Protection) Policy, Managing Medicines Policy, Anti-Bullying Policy and the SEND Information Report on the school's website.

Roles and Responsibilities

SEN Co-ordinator:

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The roles and responsibilities of school personnel with regard to special educational needs are given below. They are in accordance with Code of Practice (2014) guidelines and school job descriptions.

Governing Body:

- In partnership with the Headteacher, the Governors have responsibility for deciding the school's general policy and approach to meet the needs of students with SEN/D.
- Ensuring, through the performance management process, that the Headteacher sets objectives and priorities in the school development plan, which includes provision for SEN/D.
- Monitoring the policy through the school's self-evaluation procedures.
- All governors are informed of the school's provision, including funding, equipment and staffing.
- Reporting annually to parents on the school's policy through the website.

The Headteacher:

- Setting objectives and priorities in the school development plan, which includes SEN/D.
- Informing the Governing body.
- Responsibility for the allocation of funding devolved directly from the LA.

The Deputy Headteacher:

- Line Management of the SENCO and advocate on the SMT.

SEN Coordinator:

- Disseminating information and raising awareness of SEN/D issues throughout the school.
- Is responsible to the Headteacher for the management of SEN/D provision and the day-to-day operation of the policy.
- Managing and developing the roles of Teaching Assistants, through training and Performance Management.
- Screening and identifying students.
- Co-ordinating provision for students.
- Supporting the teaching and learning of students with SEN/D.

- Keeping accurate records of all students with SEN/D.
- Drawing up, reviewing and monitoring Pupil Passports for those with SEN/D and others, as required.
- Monitoring departmental delivery of the SEN/D Policy.
- Recruiting and deploying the School's Learning Support Team, which includes Teaching Assistants.
- Being responsible and accountable for the whole-school SEN/D resources.
- Liaising with parents and carers of students with SEN/D.
- Liaising with and advising fellow teachers and support staff.
- Liaising with schools including feeder primaries and specialist settings.
- Liaising with other SENCOs, both locally and nationally.
- Liaising with outside agencies,
- Contributing to in-service training and external training (as appropriate).
- Being involved in preparing the SEN/D report, which the Headteacher forwards to the Governors.

Subject Leaders:

- Ensuring appropriate curriculum provision and delivery clearly stated in their schemes of work.
- Ensuring appropriate teaching resources for students with SEN/D

Other Staff:

- **"All teachers are teachers of special needs"**
- Devising strategies and identifying appropriate differentiated methods of access to the curriculum, in conjunction with the Learning Support Department.
- Recognising that central to the work of every teacher is the cycle of planning, teaching, assessing and evaluating that takes account of the wide range of abilities, aptitudes and interests of the students in their classes.
- Ensuring Pupil Passports are considered in lessons.
- Monitoring progress of students with SEN/D against agreed targets and objectives.
- Be fully aware of the school's procedures for SEN/D.
- Raising individual concerns to SENCO.

Teaching Assistants

- Support students with SEN/D and the wider school population.
- Plan and deliver individualised programmes where appropriate.
- Monitor progress against targets using Pupil Passports.
- Assist with drawing up individual plans for students and supporting information sheet development, as required.
- Contribute to the review progress, either in person or with a written report.
- Work with small groups in or out of the classroom, under the direction of the class teacher.
- Support SEND pupils on Educational Visits and all other pupils where possible.
- Jointly plan with teachers, where appropriate.

Philosophy

This policy acknowledges the obligation to provide a broad, balanced and challenging curriculum for all pupils. The Governors of Thomas Keble School value the abilities and achievements of all its pupils and are committed to providing, for each pupil, the best possible environment for learning.

The Learning Support Department operates in accordance with the following principles:

- All teachers at Thomas Keble are teachers of pupils with SEN.
- All pupils can achieve their very best.
- All pupils have a right to a broad and balanced curriculum.
- All pupils should share in all aspects of the life of the school.

- The department, pupils and parents should work in partnership.

Aims of School SEND Policy

- To ensure that all pupils have access to a broad and balanced curriculum
- To ensure that the provision for pupils with SEN should match the nature of their needs within allocated budget
- To record, monitor and note the outcome of the provision provided for pupils with SEN
- To ensure that SEN pupils are involved, where practicable, in decisions affecting their SEN provision
- To consult and work in partnership with parents of pupils with SEN
- To consult and involve outside agencies whenever necessary
- To integrate pupils with SEN into the life of the school providing additional support as needed to achieve this.

Definition of Special Educational Needs

Pupils have special educational needs if they have difficulty accessing the curriculum which calls for special educational provision to be made for them.

Pupils have difficulty accessing the curriculum if they:

- Have a significantly greater difficulty in learning than the majority of others of the same age, or
- Have a disability which prevents or hinders them from making use of educational facilities of a kind generally provided for children of the same age in mainstream schools.

The purpose of identification is to work out what action the school needs to take, not to fit a pupil into a category. However, these four broad areas of need give an overview of the range which are planned for:

- Communication and interaction, including ASD, Asperger's Syndrome and Autism.
- Cognition and learning, including MLD, SLD and PMLD.
- Social, emotional and mental health difficulties, including ADD, ADHD and Attachment Disorder.
- Sensory and/or physical needs, including Vision impairment, hearing impairment and physical disability.

Identifying Special Educational Needs

Special Educational Provision may be triggered when students fail to achieve adequate progress, despite having had access to a differentiated programme. Parents/Carers and staff will be informed that the child has special educational needs and appropriate provision will be identified to meet the student's individual need(s).

Lack of adequate progress **may** be indicated by:

- Little or no progress despite the use of targeted teaching approaches and a differentiated curriculum.
- Working at levels significantly below age expectations, particularly in Literacy or Numeracy.
- Presenting persistent emotional and / or behavioural difficulties, which have not been managed by appropriate strategies usually employed.
- Sensory or physical impairments that result in little progress despite the provision of appropriate aids or equipment.
- Poor communication or interaction, requiring specific interactions and adaptations to access learning.

The following are **NOT SEN** but may impact on progress and attainment:

- Disability (the Code of Practice outlines the "reasonable adjustment " duty for all settings and schools provided under current Disability Equality legislation – these alone do not constitute SEN)
- Persistent disruptive behaviour where there are no causal factors such as undiagnosed learning difficulties or difficulties with communication or mental health issues
- Attendance and Punctuality
- Health and Welfare
- EAL
- Being in receipt of Pupil Premium Grant
- Being a Looked After Child

- Being a child of Serviceman/woman

Admission Arrangements for Pupils with SEN

The Governing Body believes that the admissions criteria should not discriminate against pupils with SEND and has due regard to the Code of Practice. Admission arrangements for pupils with SEND, (but without an Education, Health and Care Plan), do not differ from those of other pupils. However, in the case of a student in possession of an Education, Health and Care Plan, the placement recommendations of the last Annual Review will be taken into account.

Allocation of Resources

The school is funded to meet the needs of all their students through its core budget but is additionally funded to support provision for SEN/D through:

- Deprivation and underachievement factors, based on the number of students receiving free meals and those underachieving on entry.
- Funding for specific students to meet their assessed needs.
- Delegated and designated budgets.
- Also, in some part, the Pupil Premium.

Identification, Assessment and Provision

Identification

- The school uses the **graduated response** as outlined in “The Code of Practice (2014)”. To help with this process a variety of screening procedures are used, which are then disseminated to teaching staff

New Intake Students in Year 7

a) Primary Liaison

- Feeder primary schools are visited / contacted throughout the year prior to transfer. Any student identified as having a “learning difficulty” and who is on SEN Support or has an EHC plan is referred to the SENCO.
- The LA notifies school about students who are transferring with EHC plans in the spring of their Year 5. Where practicable, the SENCO attends their Annual Review in Year 5 and 6 to ensure a smooth transition is made. At this meeting, the SENCO becomes the Lead Professional for the child with an EHC plan. Relevant information is disseminated to teaching staff before transfer via the Pupil Passport.

b) Initial Screening

- KS2 tests
- Reading, comprehension, spelling and writing tests
- Suffolk reading comprehension and WRAT4 style word spelling
- WRAT4 Maths computations.

Additional tests available for pupils who may require further interventions including:

- Dyslexia screener
- Coloured overlay screening
- WRAT4 word, reading and sentence comprehension
- Edinburgh Reading Test 4
- Hodder oral reading test (reading speed)
- CTOPP 2 comprehensive test of phonological processing
- Allcock speed of handwriting and DASH (Detailed Assessment of Speed Handwriting)
- Word processing speed

Screening in Other Year Groups

- Additional screening tests are administered when required.

Staff Observation

- Members of staff consult with the SENCO if they notice students who may need specialist help during the school year. Evidence for that concern must be produced, prior to any testing and / or additional intervention being undertaken.
- The SENCO may then ask for additional diagnostic assessment to be undertaken by other professionals.

Referrals by Parents or Carers

- A student's parent/carer may express concern. Once information is gathered the process is the same as for staff referrals.
- All parental referrals are acted upon.

Provision

- Teaching students with SEN/D is a whole school responsibility. Central to the work of every teacher and subject is a continuous cycle of planning, teaching, assessment and evaluation that takes account of the wide range of abilities, aptitudes and interests of the students. The majority of students at Thomas Keble School learn and progress through these differentiated arrangements.

A Graduated Response is adopted for students identified as having SEN/D. A level and type of support is provided to enable the student to achieve at least adequate progress. Provision is identified and managed by the SENCO but will be planned and delivered by teaching and support staff.

Graduated Response

- **Wave 1** – Quality first teaching by all teaching staff.
- **Wave 2** - Is initiated where students have failed to make adequate progress as identified by the SENCO through the assessment arrangements as in 3.1.

Criteria for Wave 2 include:

- low Numeracy / Literacy scores
- Level 3 or below in Key Stage 2 SATs
- Teacher's observations
- Primary teachers' comments
- Concerns from staff or parents

Provision from within the school's resources is identified to help meet the student's needs.

Interventions may include:

- Additional learning programmes such as Read, Write, Inc. to support literacy
- Smaller group sessions and extraction groups for English and Mathematics
- Small intervention groups for dyslexia, spelling, reading comprehension difficulties and social skills
- Appropriate teaching groups / sets
- Group support on a regular basis

b) Wave 3

- Where students fail to make adequate progress, despite additional provision at Wave 2, the school seeks advice and involvement from external support services.
- They are requested to:
- Provide specialist assessments.
- Give advice on teaching strategies or materials.
- Provide short-term support or training for staff.

The Pupil Passport is revised and new strategies are put in place following the involvement of student and parents. Should the assessments identify that a student with an EHC Plan requires additional provision on a regular basis for an extended period then the school will apply for additional resources. The application will be evaluated against criteria established by the LA.

c) Statutory Assessment

If a student fails to make adequate progress and has demonstrated a significant cause for concern, the school and / or a parent / carer may decide to request that the LA undertakes a statutory assessment. This may lead to the student being provided with an EHC plan.

Pupil Passports and Reviews

The strategies that will be employed at Wave 2, Wave 3 and for students with EHC Plans are recorded in the Pupil Passports reflecting provision that is additional to, or different from, normal differentiated provision. Not all students with SEN/D have a Pupil Passport but their progress is closely monitored.

The Pupil Passport is communicated to all staff who support the student's learning, and to the parents or carers and the student. Pupil Passports are regularly reviewed and updated.

Provision of an appropriate curriculum

Through their departmental development plans, the SEF and in conjunction with SEN statements, provision for students with SEN/D is regularly reviewed and revised. It is the responsibility of individual department at the school to ensure that the requirements of the National Curriculum are met for those students with SEN/D in partnership with the Learning Support Department.

Provision of Curriculum Support

The Learning Support Department can help subject areas in the following ways (although this is not an exhaustive list):

a) Curriculum development:

- Planning with individual members of staff / departments.
- Selection / design and preparation of suitably differentiated materials.
- Selection / design of teaching strategies.

b) Support teaching:

This is achieved by working collaboratively with a subject teacher. The SENCO and members of the Learning Support Department can assist by:

- Planning appropriate programmes of work.
- Preparation of relevant and differentiated materials.
- Individual teaching.
- Helping to facilitate a wide range of teaching and learning styles.
- Evaluating and reviewing what has been achieved.

c) Withdrawal

Some students with special educational needs may be withdrawn 1:1 or within small group sessions or to use technological support; the withdrawal of students is kept to an absolute minimum, in accordance with Thomas Keble School's inclusive ethos.

d) In-service Training

- The SENCO provides INSET for NQTs and other new staff at the school on Code of Practice procedures at Thomas Keble School.
- Individual departments can ask for INSET from the SENCO as required, for specific purposes or generic training.
- Whole-school INSET, focusing on specific needs is included, where appropriate, on staff training days and during twilight sessions.

Arrangements for Considering SEN Related Complaints

If a parent is unhappy about the arrangements made to meet the SEN of their child they should in the first

instance discuss the matter with the SENCO. The Headteacher will address secondary complaints.

The matter will be looked into by the school, in a reasonable period of time, in line with the Governors' arrangements for consideration of complaints.

Arrangements for Inclusion

The school's policy is to provide all pupils with access to a rich and broad curriculum, which meets the needs of children of all ability and ages.

- The use of setting and the differentiation of work enable this to happen
- The provision of additional support which enables pupils to access the curriculum has already been documented
- Pupils with an EHC Plan can be disapplied from National Curriculum subjects. This is only considered in extreme circumstances when all parties, particularly the parents, pupil and appropriate services, request it.

As the school operates a policy of full access to the National Curriculum and of Curriculum Support, pupils with SEN are included fully into the School Curriculum. All pupils join in all activities, as far as is reasonably practical, both curricular and extra-curricular, except where an activity may constitute a problem for any pupil's health or safety.

Partnerships

In school

- The SENCO liaises closely with the SMT, Heads of Department and Heads of Year. Information and concerns are always discussed with the appropriate member of staff.
- School systems and procedures provide the mechanism through which SEN/D issues are discussed and disseminated.

Parents

Thomas Keble School actively seeks to work with parents / carers and values the contributions they make.

- Parental views are recorded as part of the Annual Review procedures.
- Parents are actively encouraged to help their child in many ways; for example: hearing their child read and learning spellings.
- Parents are encouraged to attend Parents' Evenings where their child's progress is discussed with subject teachers.
- Effective communication is achieved through regular contact with home either through letters, telephone calls or the student's planner.
- New parents can attend the Open Evening prior to transfer and make arrangements for additional visits through the SENCO.

Students

Thomas Keble School acknowledges the student's role as a partner in his / her own education.

- Students are actively encouraged to be involved in decision making by attending all Reviews and to be involved with negotiating and evaluating their targets.
- Student views are recorded as part of the Review process and their views are valued and listened to.

External Support

The school aims to work in partnership with other agencies in order to provide an integrated support based on the needs of the student. The main external support agencies used by Thomas Keble School include (*this is not an exhaustive list*):

- Advisory Teacher Service
- Educational Psychology Services
- School Health Services

- Speech and Language Service
- Occupational Therapy Service
- Youth Support Service
- National Association of Special Educational Needs (NASEN)
- Professional Association of Teachers of Students with Specific Learning Difficulties (PATOSS)
- Stroud College and Cirencester College for transition

Between Schools

The SENCO liaises with other SENCOs:

- From local secondary schools to discuss local and national SEND issues at LA run 'SENCO network' meetings.
- On the transfer of a student with SEN/D.
- At locally held SENCO conferences.

Transfer Arrangements

- All documentation about special needs included in a student's record is transferred between schools. The SENCO deals with specific enquiries.
- A minimum of one additional induction day is arranged as required for all students with SEN/D and vulnerability factors.
- The records of students who leave at the end of Year 11 are kept and stored in school.
- Documentation relevant to the last Review is forwarded to Post 16 placements.

SEN Marking Policy

This follows the school's Assessment and Recording policy. When classes are being supported, pupils' work in that lesson may be marked by the TA. Such marking should be diagnostic and give pupils an indication of progress and how they can make further progress by using the school's WWW and EBI system.

Learning Support staff are encouraged to use the House point and referral systems to praise work of a high quality or to recognise outstanding effort.

Monitoring and Evaluation of this Policy

The degree of success of the policy and its implementation will be evaluated using the following indicators:

- Recorded views of students and parents or carers, particularly at meetings.
- Recorded views by teachers on students' competence, confidence and social acceptability.
- Measurable or observable gains from students, particularly in terms of set targets, screening tests and other assessments carried out where appropriate and examination results.
- The SENCO reviewing procedures in consultation with subject leaders, and outside agencies.
- Feedback from departments, outside agencies
- Number of complaints received.

In association with the Headteacher, the department produces an annual report which is included in the Governors' annual report to parents and carers.